

The Effect of Shelling Ratio on Oriented Strand Board (OSB) Made From Andong Bamboo (Gigantochloa verticillata)



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Many usage for construction High productivity

Bamboo is abundant in Indonesia and a beneficial important material for the Indonesian rural community.

Introduction



Bamboo is great to be use as a raw material for OSB

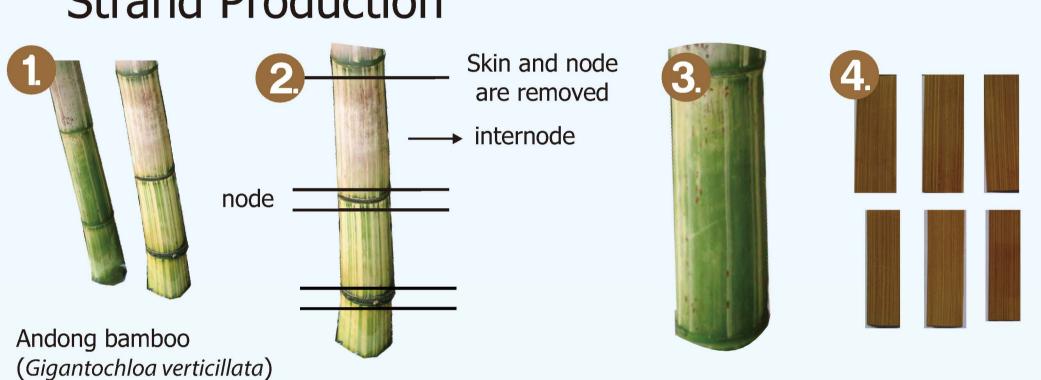
about emission

No Information

Development of OSB from andong bamboo with different shelling ratios

Materials and Method

Strand Production



Strand Fabrication



Strand



Hot press:

Adding paraffin 1%

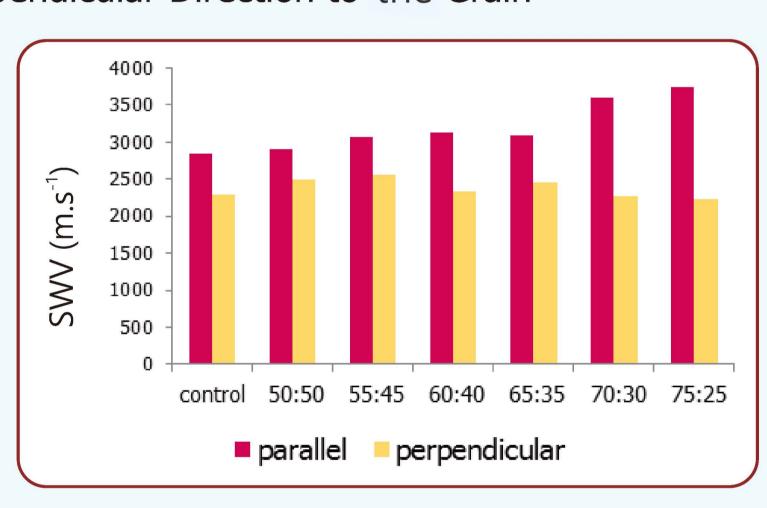
Conditioning Pressing process at 160 °C, 25 °C for 2 weeks 7 minutes

Objective

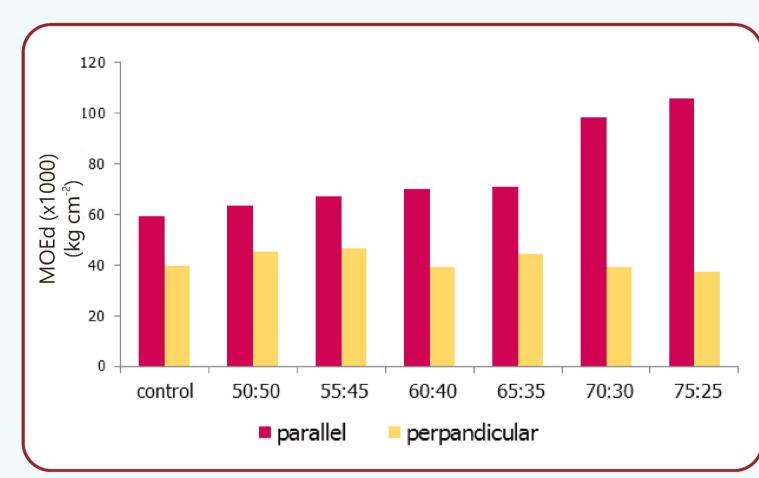
To determine strength of SB made from andong bamboo on different shelling ratios and to analyze formaldehyde emission content of OSB through steamed and unsteamed strand.

Result and Discussion

Stress Wave Velocity (SWV) in Parallel and Perpendicular Direction to the Grain



Dynamic of Modulus Elastic (MOEd) in Parallel and Perpendicular to the Grain



OSB Testing

Mat forming on two treatment with shelling

¹Steamed treatment 25:50:25(A), 27.5:45:27.5(B), 30:40:30(C), 32.5:35:32.5(D), 35:30:35(E), 37.5:25:37.5(F)

²Unsteamed treatment as control 33.3:33.3:33.3





Metriguard 293 A Model

Conclusion

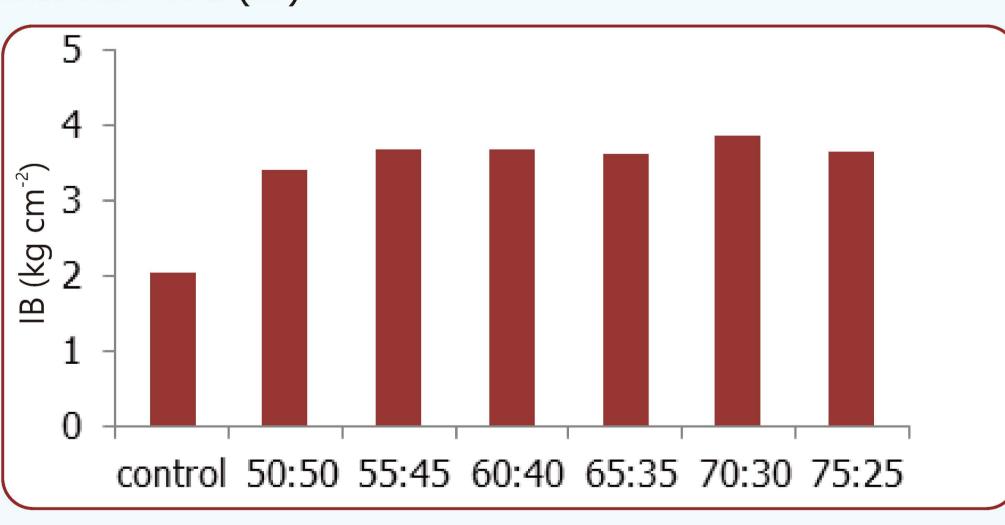


Destructive Universal Testing Machine (UTM)



Formaldehyde emission Spectrophotometer

Internal Bond (IB)



Formaldehyde emission

Products	Formaldehyde emission m.L ⁻¹	Grade
Unsteamed OSB(contro	ol) 0.72	F***
Steamed OSB (50:50)	0.45	F***
Steamed OSB (55:45)	0.45	F***
Steamed OSB (60:40)	0.30	F***
Steamed OSB (65:35)	0.37	F***
Steamed OSB (70:30)	0.36	F***
Steamed OSB (75:25)	0.37	F***

*Categorized by JIS A 5908 (2003)

SWV and MOEd values in parallel direction were higher than perpendicular ones and the bamboo strand through steam treatment with some shelling ratio were stronger than unsteam on strands. All OSB through steam treatment had better classification emission compared to unsteam OSB based on JIS standard.

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